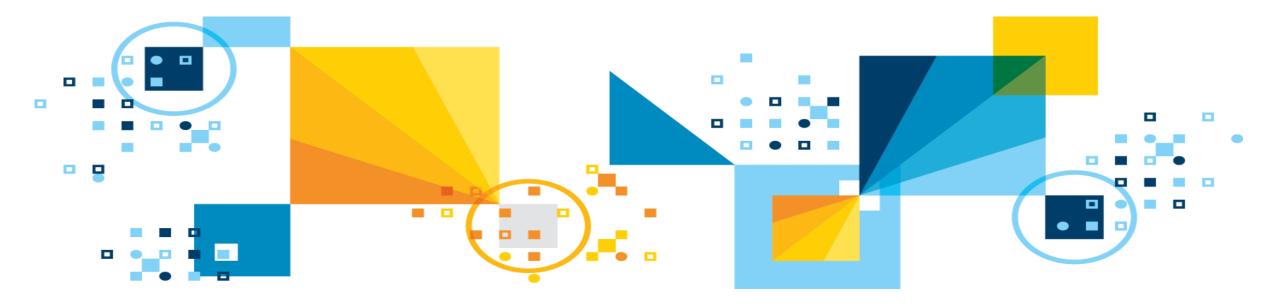
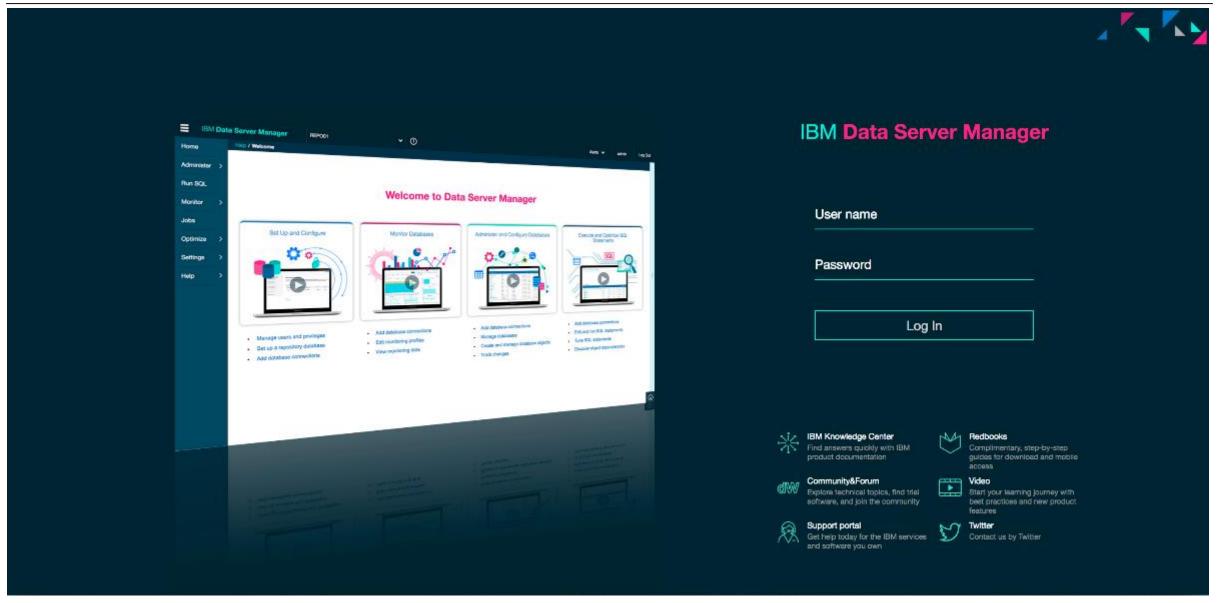


IBM Data Server Manager for z/OS

John Casey Senior Solutions Advisor jcasey@rocketsoftware.com







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Performance tuning challenges across the organization



Application Developer

"I don't have time to hone my SQL skills. I need to focus on developing core application functionality."

"It is very challenging to aggregate performance data across our complex data environment."



DBA

"I don't understand why our developers aren't focused on creating better performing SQL."

LOB Manager

"I need to get my business results fast and accurate. What's going on ?"



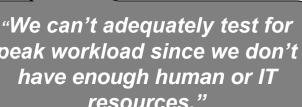
IT Manager



"Performance problems seem to appear without warning and deep technical skills are hard to find."



"We can't adequately test for peak workload since we don't have enough human or IT resources."







Reactive vs. Proactive performance management

- Problems addressed after performance impact
- Measuring flashing light indicators
- Noticing either the very good or the very bad
- Takes longer to react to bad performance because of measuring lagging indicators



- Understanding what behavior is desired
- Measuring leading indicators
- Capture best practices and procedures
- Team responsible for creating the measurements understands the what and why



What should you look for in a performance management solution?

- Cost reductions of Db2 and associated applications
- Faster identification and resolution
- Improved overall performance
- Replacing ad-hoc methods
- Faster Db2 and application migration





IBM Db2 Performance Management Solution provides:

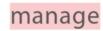
- ✓ Fast identification with automated alerts, proactive notification and 24x7 monitoring
- ✓ Tuning of queries and workloads proactively
- ✓ Expert advice with built-in advisors
- ✓ Diverse set of capabilities managed via Data Server Manager (DSM)
 - ✓ Easy-to-use integrated view of overall Db2 performance management
 - ✓ Seamless navigation and movement via functional capabilities versus individual products

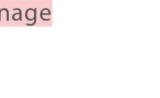


test













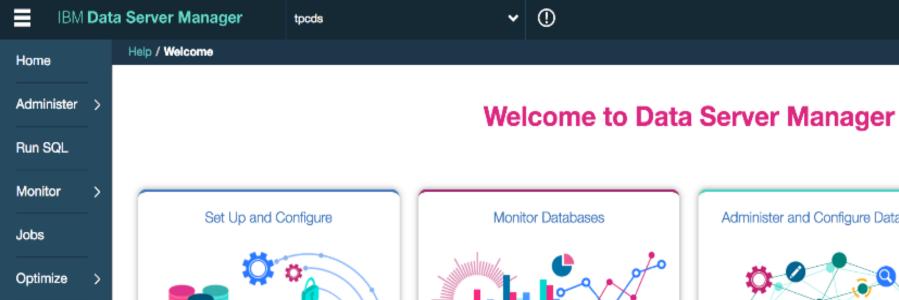






admin

Log Out









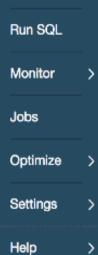
Alerts >

- Manage DSM users and privileges
- · Set up a repository database
- Add database connections

- Add database connections
- Edit monitoring profiles
- View monitoring data

- Add database connections
- Manage databases
- · Create and manage database objects
- Track changes

- Add database connections
- Edit and run SQL statements
- Tune SQL statements
- Discover object dependencies





Data Server Manger – Where DBAs Spend Time



Administration

 helps you manage, and maintain complex database environments for increased productivity and optimized use of system resources



Performance Tuning

 helps you develop and implement a performance strategy including providing expert recommendations to improve query workload performance



Identifying Environment changes

offers centralized management of database and client configuration

Troubleshooting



 capture production application workloads then compare capture and enforce configuration settings



Features of the Data Server Manager z/OS Based Tools - At A Glance

NO CHARGE

Data Server Manager Base

- Connect to Db2 for z/OS V10/ V11/V12
- Database object navigation, viewing object detail, and linking to related objects.
- Database object dependency display.
- Data browsing and editing.
- Basic database object operations, such as creation of tables, indexes, constraints, and tablespaces; dropping of tables, indexes and constraints; altering tables.
- Show system privilege from the perspective of Group/User, Role, or SQL object. Choose:
 - -"Group/User" to see the role and the relative object privilege for a user account;
 - "Role" to see the role a user account belongs to and its relative object privilege;
 - "SQL object" to see a specific object and users or roles that have the relative authority.
- Single query tuning
 - Statistics Advisor
 - Query Environment Capture
 - Access Path Graph

Db2 Performance Solution Pack

IBM Query Workload Tuner

- Launch of visual explain and tune query on the SQL editor
- Tuning wizard to capture SQL statements from multiple sources
- Tuning advisors provide recommendations for:
 - Statistics Advisor
 - Index Advisor
 - IDAA Advisor
- Problem analysis of query or workload
 - Access plan graph
 - Query formatting and annotation
 - Tuning Report
 - Test Candidate Index
 - Access Plan Comparison
 - Index Impact Analysis
 - Query and Workload Environment Capture
 - Selectivity Override

IBM Db2 Query Monitor

- Launching of DSM from Query Monitor Web UI for end to end performance analysis
- Host variable collection

OMEGAMON XE for Db2 PE

 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) displayed in Data Server Manager on the Subsystems

Db2 Admin Solution Pack

Configuration Manager for z/OS V5.1

- Track configuration changes
- Configure zParm
- Compare and clone configurations
- Manage application profile
- Manage alias
- Manage and control clients

Db2 Utility Solution Pack V4.1

- Customizable profiles for performing conditional object evaluations and generating actions mapped to resolving utilities (reorg, copy, runstats, etc)
- Ability to control prioritization of objects, evaluation conditions and generated resolving actions.
- Ability to define maintenance windows for enabling autonomics, allowing Db2 to self manage utility runs
- Graphical trend analysis of historical RTS
- Capture of utility history, recording utility output, time, duration, etc.



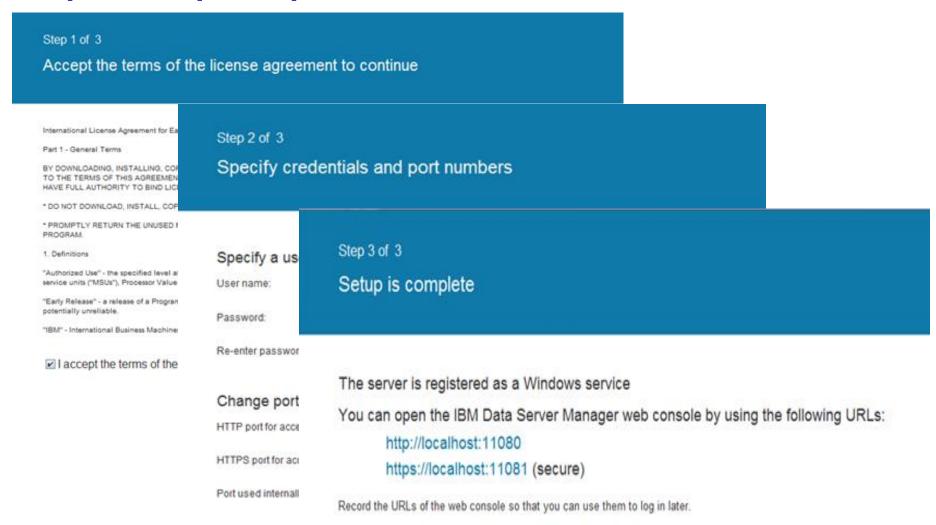
Where do I start ?..... Data Server Manager



http://ibm.biz/IWANTDSM

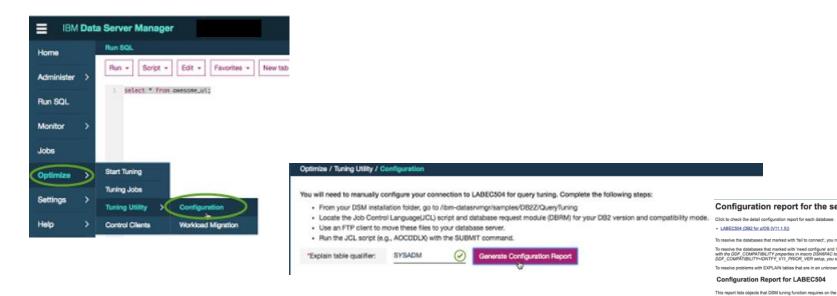


Simple 3-step setup



http://ibm.biz/IWANTDSM





Configuration report for the selected databases

LABEC504 (DB2 for z/OS (V11.1.5))

To resolve the databases that marked with 'fall to connect', you need to click the above database link and To resolve the databases that marked with 'need configure' and 'need fix', resolve problems with PACKAC with the DDF_COMPATIBILITY apporties in macro DSMBFAC to identify itself to all amonds clients as a p. DDF_COMPATIBILITY*IONTRY_VIIT_PRIOR_VER setup, you should treat your DBZ for zOS as version.

To resolve problems with EXPLAIN tables that are in an unknown format, you should manually drop the ta

Configuration Report for LABEC504

This report lists objects that DSM tuning function requires on the subsystem before you use the DSM tuni Objects that are Available to DSM tuning function

Objects that are Available to DSM tuning function

The following objects are available for use by DSM tuning function.

Object Type	Object	
Packago	D82OSC A0050A0M, Venion 20130829	
Package	DB2OSC.ADCSCEPN, Version 20141201	
Package	D82OSC ADCSOFMW, Version 20120817	_
Package	DB2OBC ADDSO(A1, Version 20150108	
Package	D8205C A0C50A2, Version 20120817	_
Package	DB2OSC ADCSOIA3, Version 20143310	_
Packago	DB2OBC.A0C90A4, Version 20190108	_
Package	D8205C ADC50IA5, Version 20150108	
Package	DB2OSC ADCSOIA7, Version 20143314	
Package	D92OSC.AOCSOIA8, Version 20140310	
Package	DIS2OSC ADCSOLAA, Version 20150108	
Packago	DB2OBC A0050AK, Version 20140314	
Package	D92OSC ADCSOIAL, Version 20120917	_
Package	D82OSC ADCSORK, Version 20151025	
Package	DB2OBC.AGOSONPT, Version 20190602	
Package	DB2OSC ADCSOPKN, Version 20130829	
Packago	D82OSC ADCSOQIA, Version 20125817	
Package	DB2OEC.AOCSOWBA, Version 20120817	
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_COLDIST_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSAOM DSN DETODST TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_FILTER_TABLE	_
DOPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_FUNCTION_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_KEYTOTDIST_TABLE	
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_PGRANGE_TABLE	
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_PGROUP_TABLE	
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_PREDICATE_SELECTIVITY	
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_PREDICAT_TABLE	_
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_PTASK_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_QUERYINFO_TABLE	_
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_QUERY_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_SORTKEY_TABLE	_
EXPLAIN table	SYBACM DBN_SORT_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_STATEMENT_CACHE_TABLE	_
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_STATEMINT_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_STAT_FEEDBACK	_
EXPLAN table	SYSAOM DSN_STRUCT_TABLE	
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_USERQUERY_TABLE	_
DPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_VIEWREF_TABLE	
EXPLAN table	SYSACM DSN_VIRTUAL_INDEXES	_
EXPLAIN table	SYSACM DSN_VIRTUAL_KEYTARGETS	
DPLAN table	SYSAOM PLAN TABLE	_

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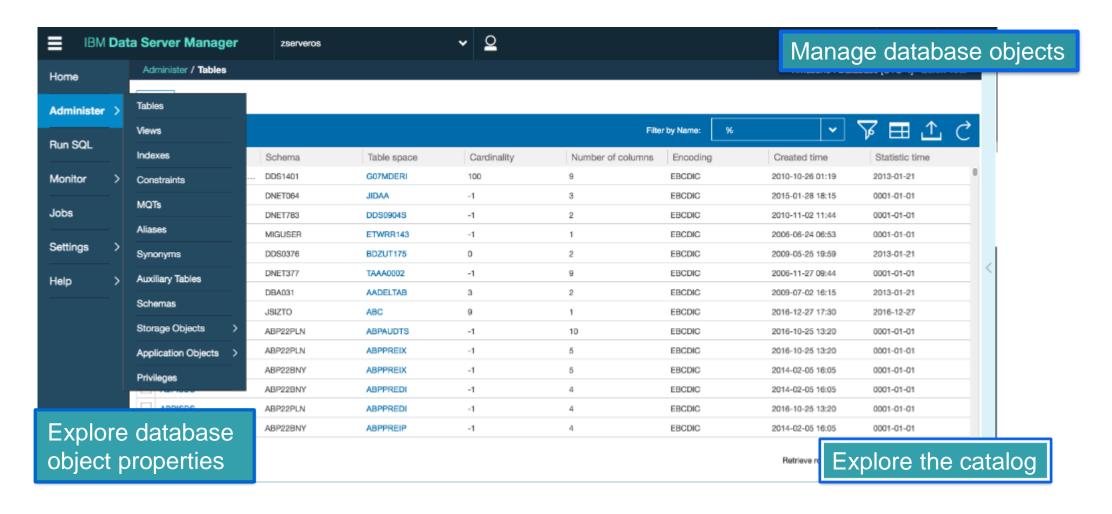
Migrating workloads from QWT 4.1.x to DSM

Database connections Query Tuning 🗸 Blackout 🗸 Validate Credentials Start Tuning Host name Name Database name Port num Configure for Tuning Generate Configuration Report CSDEC720 STLEC1 9.30.222.46 446 Manage Query Tuning Results and Jobs Migrate from Optim Query Workload Tuner 4.1.x LABEC504V11NFM STLEC1 9.30.112.62 446 DB2 for z/OS (V10.1.5) LABEC508 V10NFM STLEC1 9.30.113.49 446 LABEC508 ADMF002 DB2 for z/OS (V10.1.5) STLEC1 9.30.113.49 446 LABEC508sa DB2 for z/OS (V11.1.5) STLEC1 9.30.112.62 446 Migrate from Optim Query Workload Tuner 4.1.x DB2 for z/C REGEC580 Specify file exported from Optim Query Workload Tuner 4.1.x The maximum size of upload file is 100M Choose a Workload File le Name Size No items to display

15

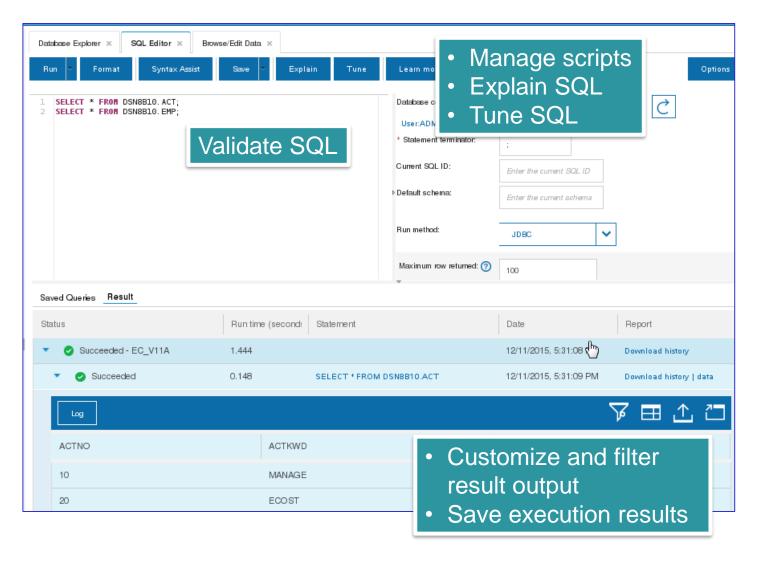


Manage Databases Using the Database Explorer



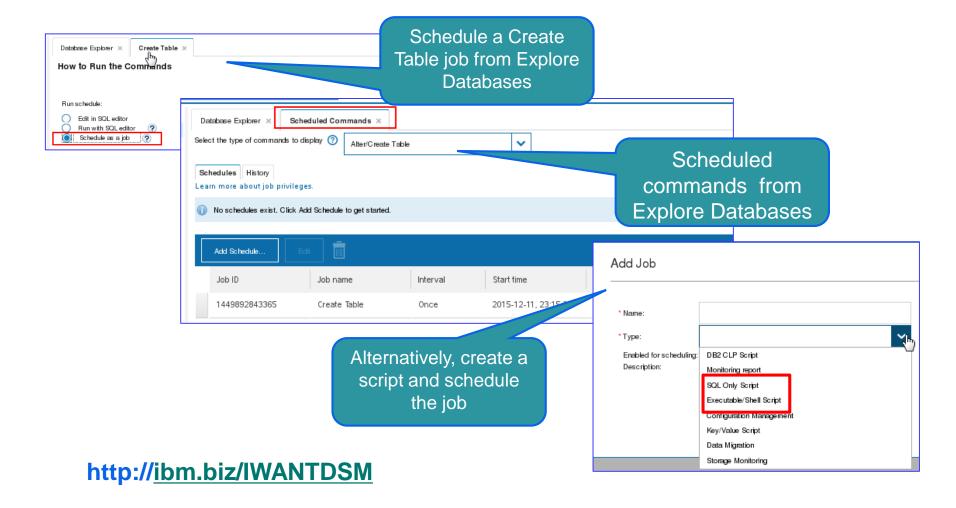


Develop and Run SQL Scripts





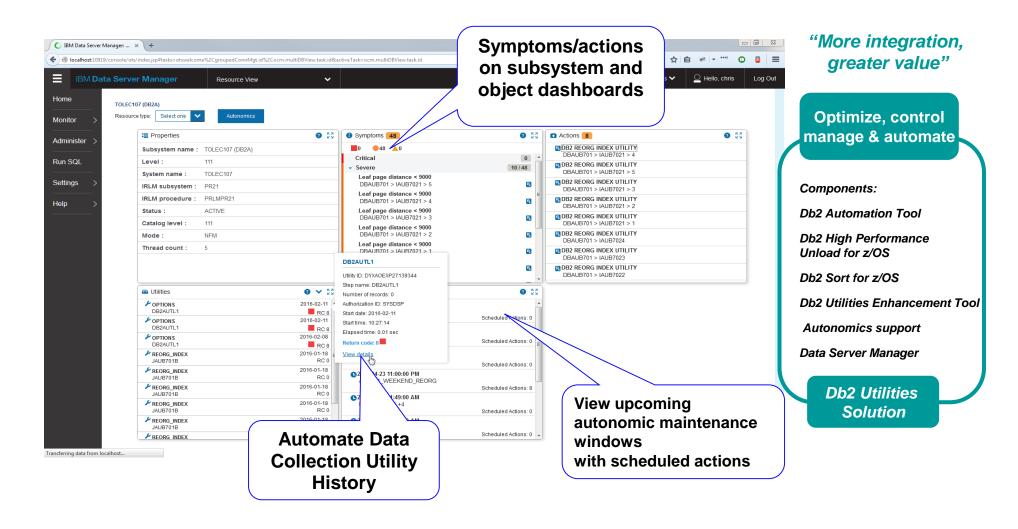
Create and schedule jobs



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Db2 Utilities Solution Pack 2.2





Traditional Reactive Tuning





What to do next Performance Tuning Using Data Server Manager : Query Workload Tuner 5.1



http://ibm.biz/IWANTDSM



Why is workload tuning important?

Workload: Multiple SQL statements defined by user

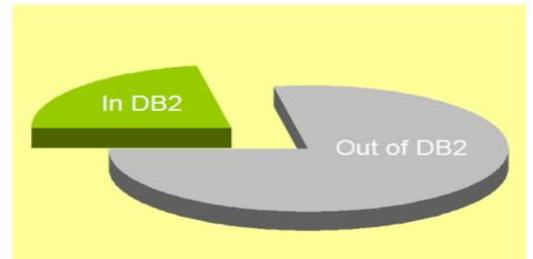
- The effort for tuning the whole application with good performance by evaluating every statement is overwhelming. Optimization decisions are based on trade offs:
 - Statistics CPU costs vs. query savings
 - Indexing query speed vs resource and transaction
- Sometimes performance improvement for one statement in an application may regress other statements in the application.
- When your application data grows, allows you to do proactive application health check periodically to find potential problems earlier before costly application outages
- Workload tuning speeds up analysis
 - Analyzes multiple queries at once
- Workload tuning consolidates and optimizes recommendation for overall workload
 - Statistics recommendations
 - Index recommendation



Where is the most time spent?



Need to analyze time distribution: where is the time really spent?

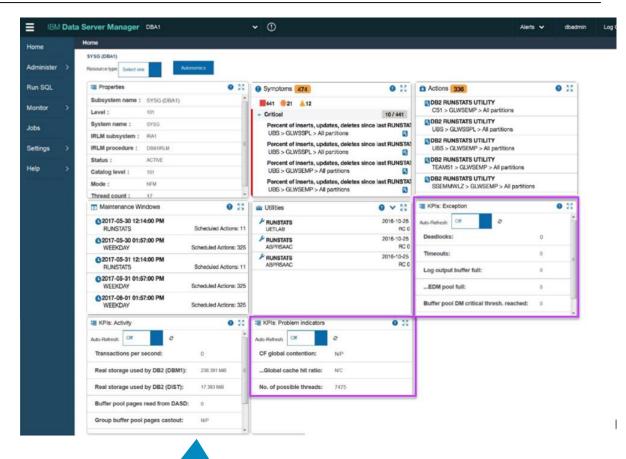


- Application logic inefficiency
 - often combined with
 Class 2 CPU << Class 1 CPU
- Network problems
- Class 2 not active all the time



Improve Performance and Reduce Costs

- Improve end-user experience of performance
 - Monitor KPIs that better reflect end-user experience
 - i.e., transaction response time
 - Get early warning of degrading performance before users are affected
 - Isolate problems to correct area for fast response
 - Get expert advice for improving query and workload performance
- Reduce costs
 - Improve performance and govern system utilization to defer upgrades
 - Save hours of staff time and stress
 - Isolate problems to the right layer of the application stack, database component, even the line of code
 - Enable developers and novice DBAs to tune like an expert

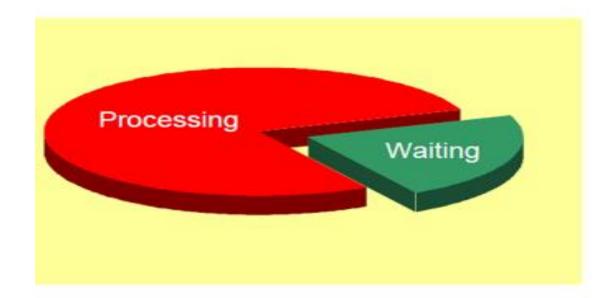


Accelerate analysis and reduce downtime for urgent situations

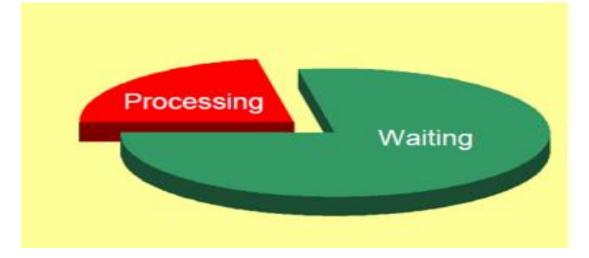




Where is the time spent within Db2?



- Turn off expensive traces
- Inefficient access paths
 - Explain



- What is the largest contributor
 - Class 3 and 8 analysis



What is your query tuning objective
reduced CPU usage or reduced
elapsed time ?





Common Scenarios & Collection

- Most expensive SQL statement in your Db2 subsystem
- Most expensive SQL within a PLAN
- All of the PLANS where a specific package is used
- All of the "exceptional SQL for a given plan"
- All of the objects accessed by a specific package
- All of the SQL which access a specific object
- Unnecessary negative SQLCODES







Determine what data needs to be collected

- Data available to be collected or viewed
 - SQL metrics
 - Db2 object access
 - SQL text and host variables
 - Db2 commands
 - Negative SQLCODES
 - Expanded and grouped Information about exceptions
 - Buffer Pool Statistics
 - Delays
- Three types of data
 - Summary data summarized for each unique SQL statement executed in a particular interval of time
 - Plan + Program + Section + Statement # + Statement type
 - SQL Codes are not collected by default
 - Exceptions individual SQL calls that have exceeded user defined thresholds
 - Alerts events that require immediate attention; can be classified as exceptions

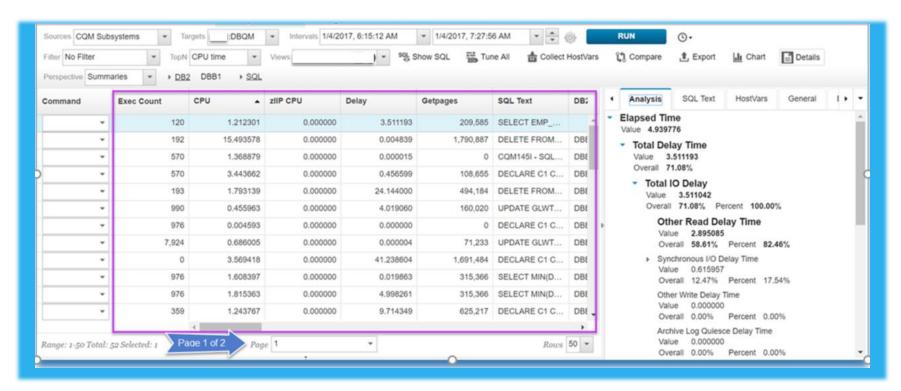






Identify workload for proactive tuning

- Identify the topN (50, 200, 250) most expensive queries
- Drill down into results
- Save workload and/or start tuning



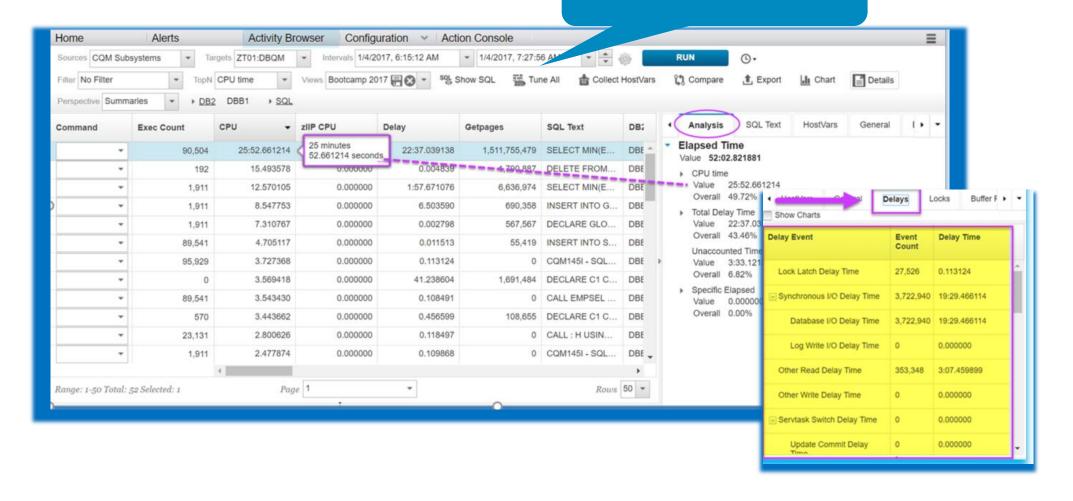




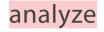


Drill down into results

Tune or Tune all

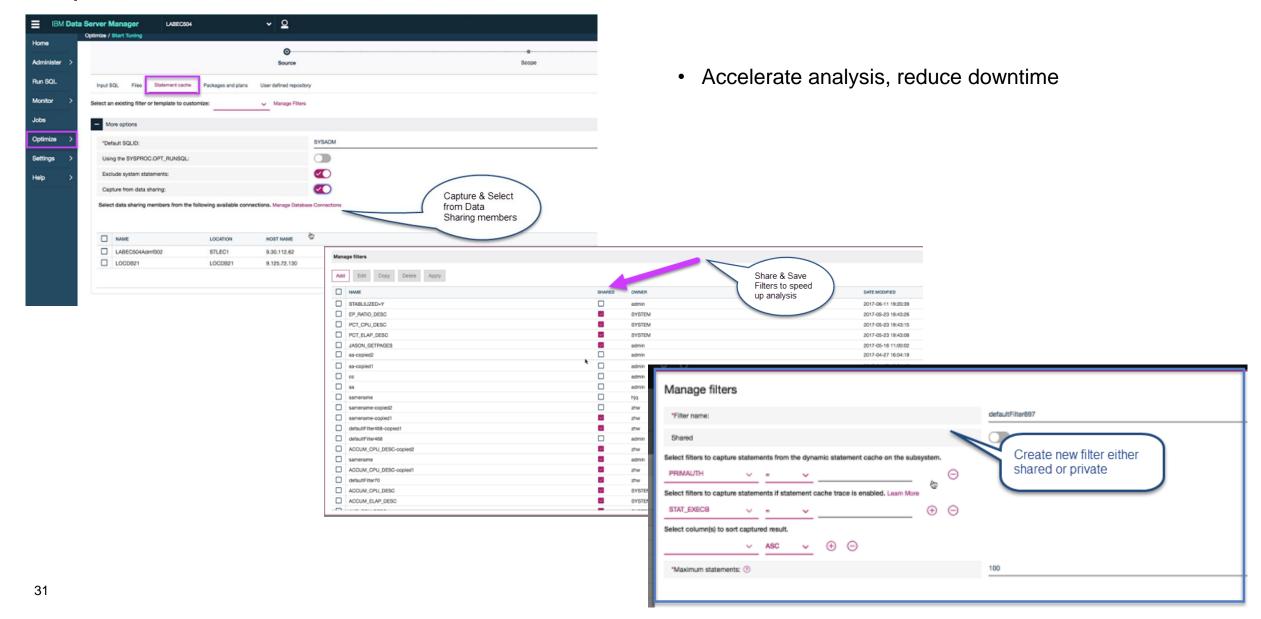








Capture from Statement Cache & customize collection







Execute Advisors

Statistics

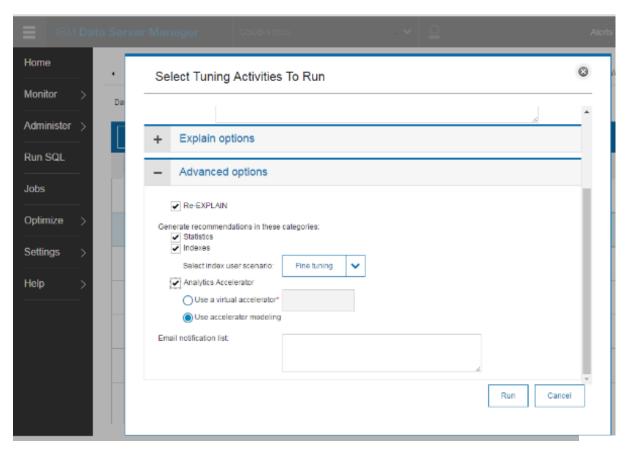
 Get recommendations on the best statistics to capture to influence access path selection

Index

 Get recommendations on indexes changes that can reduce database scans

Analytics Accelerator

 Get recommendations on optimizing and managing accelerated analytic queries and applications







Recommendations

RUNSTATS Script

Index Script

View Workload Statements

Analytic Acceleration Script

Tuning Options Used

Tuning Job Log



Improve statistics quality and collection

Run Recommended RUNSTATS

RUNSTATS TABLESPACE "TPCH06DB". "TSLI"

COLUMN("L_ORDERKEY")

TABLE("TPCH60", "LINEITEM")

SORTDEVT SYSDA SORTNUM 4

INDEX("TPCH60"."IXLI01",

RUNSTATS TABLESPACE "TPCH06DB". "TSNTN"

TABLE("TPCH60"."NATION")
COLUMN("N NAME")

COLGROUP("L_ORDERKEY","L_SUPPKEY")
COLGROUP("L RETURNFLAG") FREQUAL COUNT 10

COLGROUP("L PARTKEY", "L SUPPKEY")

SHRLEVEL CHANGE REPORT YES UPDATE ALL HISTORY NONE

COLGROUP("N_NAME") FREQVAL COUNT 10

Query and Workload Job Tuning Results(tpch60GB) × Tuning Results(Query_1449642937354-Result_1449642937354) ×

Conflicting statistics explanation

-RUNSTATS command to repair problem statistics
-RUNSTATS TABLESPACE "TPCH06DB"."TSCUS"
TABLE("TPCH06DB"."TSCUS"
COLUMN("C_ACCTBAL")
COLGROUP("C_ACCTBAL") HISTOGRAM NUMQUANTILES 20
COLGROUP("C_MKTSEGMENT") FREQVAL COUNT 10
SORTDEVT SYSDA SORTNUM 4
INDEX("TPCH60"."IXCUS01")
SHRLEVEL CHANGE REPORT YES UPDATE ALL HISTORY NONE
;

COLGROUP("L_QUANTITY") FREQUAL COUNT 10 HISTOGRAM

"TPCH60"."LINEITEM_VIRT_IDX_144910527477340314")

COLGROUP("L_SHIPINSTRUCT") FREQVAL COUNT 10

Open in New Window

Statistics Advisor Detail Report

Statistics Advisor Detail Report
Analysis start time: 2015-12-02 18:31:48.504682
Analysis end time: 2015-12-02 18:31:50.455052

TABLE TPCH60.CUSTOMER
Table type: Table
Cardinality: 60000.0
Collection time: 2015-11-17 01:30:26.468977

Statistics status: OK

INDEXES:

View Detail report and Conflict detail

TPCH60.IXCUS01 (C_CUSTKEY)
First key cardinality: 60000.0
Full key cardinality: 60000.0

Data repetition factor: 1170.0 Collection time: 2015-11-17 01:30:26.468977

Statistics status: conflicting

Interesting columns:

C_MKTSEGMENT

Cardinality: 5.0
Uniform statistics collection time: 2015-11-17 01:30:26.468977
Uniform statistics status: OK

Uniform statistics status: OK Frequency statistics collection time: null Frequency statistics status: miss: Histogram statistics collection time: null Histogram statistics status: miss: Possibly point skewed: Yes

Possibly point skewed: Yes
Symptom: Columns with low COLCARD (the number of distinct values in a column)

Possibly range skewed: No

Results

- Accurate estimated costs
- Better query performance
- Less CPU consumption
- Improved maintenance window throughput



optimize

"80 % of access path PMRs could be resolved by statistics advisor before calling IBM support." – IBM Support



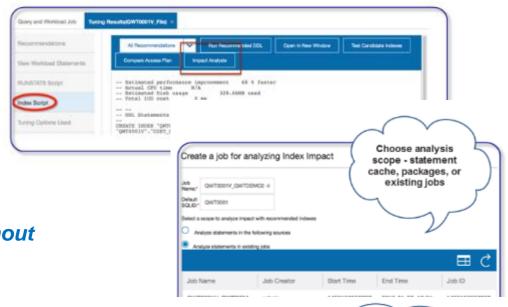
Indexing advice to improve database design

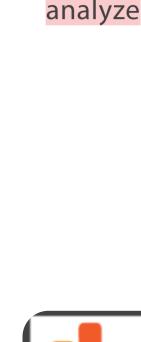
Workload Index Impact Analysis

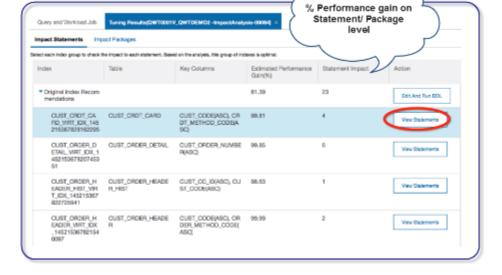
- Indexes are decided at design stage
 - Lot of effort is spent making SQL to use the provided indexes
 - But what if the SQL is "right" and it's the indexes that are "wrong"
 - Cost resources to maintain
 - How do you simply test your hypotheses without impacting production?
- Removing obsolete indexes simplify use
 - Consolidate indexes and provide a single recommendation
 - Enables what-if analysis
 - Provides DDL to create indexes
 - Run immediately or save
- Test before deployment

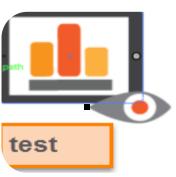
engine

Use virtual index capabilities built into the Db2











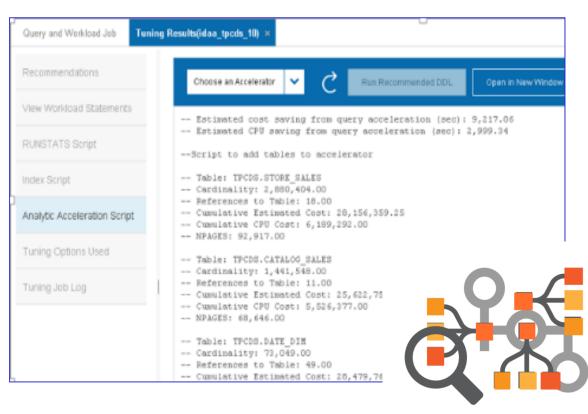
Optimizing the selection and tuning of accelerated workloads

- Workload Analytics Accelerator Advisor
 - Identify candidate queries and tables to be routed to the Accelerator
 - Identify candidate tables to be routed to the accelerator
 - Implement advisor-based tuning recommendations for mixed
 - workloads of accelerated and un-accelerated queries
 - Diagram accelerated queries in Access Plan Graphs
 - Integrates with Query Monitor and OMPE for capturing query workloads for complete analysis
 - Enable "what if" analysis

Benefits

- Shorten the process of selecting tables to be accelerated
- Visualize access paths of accelerated queries
- Increase productivity by working with accelerated queries through a unified interface
- Increase overall system capacity











Prevent problems before they impact the business

- Optimize beyond the prior level of service
 - Determine whether the later version of the collection has degraded performance.
 - Determine whether any packages have errors.
 - Identify which packages have SQL statements that have degraded performance

Available Actions

- Apply filters and review Comparison result
- Review comparison result
- Generate HTML comparison report or in csv
- Generate new query workload for tuning & perform analysis
- Enhancements
 - Compare two different workloads

Workload Comparison DB2 Query Monitor for z/OS v3.3 Activity Browser Configuration V Action Console Perspective Summaries Old: 7.426930 Elapsed Time -1,176 Old: 2,104 ▼ EMPFND RETAINED Change: -2.891822 New: 928 -2.112745 Percent Change: -38.949 ▼ DPTUPF RETAINED -4.284 Change: -1,176 Percent Change: -55.899 RETAINED -1,873 ▼ PRJSEL ▼ STRSEL -5,184 -1.037176 Specific Elapsed ▼ PRJANO -1.690 -0.090531 ▼ CHCPAADE -121 -121 -0.016235 ▼ EMPUPD -2,298-3.166 -2.293830 -0.13 ▼ DSNADMCI -108 -164 -0.004759 Total Delay Time ▼ FMPUPE -1.242-1.242-0.074590 Overall 53.54% ▼ DPTANC -0.044093 Other Delay Value +0.000031 -33.813864 Overall -0.00% Percent -0.00/ Total Lock Delay ▼ CHCDLRD -0.002591 Value +0.00000 Overall -0.00% Percent -0.009 test Range: 1-25 Total: 42 Selected: 1 Servtask Switch Delay Time

Workload Plan Comparison Report

Officer colocio: Ex that have the same package on

do additional plantanal vsis and quary turing

Report generation timestamp

io mae Rackaras ilirtiribate

Package Summa

Workload Access Plan Comparison



Prevent problems before they impact the business

migration comparison

Α	В	С	D	E
2 General information		Run A	Run B	
3 DB2 Group name		Ruii A	0	
4 DB2 Subsystem name	+	9	ŏ	
5 Workload description		222	222	
6 DB2 Version. Mode		V10 NFM ???	V11 CM ???	
7 DB2 code level		PUTxxxx	PUTxxxx	
8 z/OS level		z/0S V1R13	z/OS V1R13	
9 Processor Model (RMF CPU)	+	??? 2097-E64	??? 2097-E64	
LO Statistics with ZOSMETRICS (or RMF report)		111 2001 204	111 2001 204	
11 Number processor (AVG per Interval)	QWOSLNCP	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
12 CPU utillization (AVG per Interval and per processor)	QWOSLPRU	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
Aggregated Accounting for each CONN TYPE or ACCOUNTING TRACE				
L4 CONNTYPE		0	0	
L5 CL1 Elapsed / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
L6 CL1 CPU / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
L7 CL1 SE CPU / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
L8 CL2 Elapsed / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
L9 CL2 CPU / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
20 CL2 SE CPU / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
21 CL3 SUSP / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
22 CL2 NOT ACCOUNT / QUANTITY		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
23 QUANTITY (Number of transaction aggregated for the connection type)		0	0	
COMMIT / Rollback				path
25 COMMIT		0	0	
26 ROLLBACK		0	0	
DML per COMMIT				
SELECT SELECT		#DI∨/0!	#DIV/0!	test
29 INSERT		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
NUMBER OF ROWS		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
UPDATE UPDATE		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
NUMBER OF ROWS		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
MERGE		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
DELETE DELETE		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
NUMBER OF ROWS Output A Plan NUMBER OF ROWS Output A Plan Number OF ROWS Output A Plan Number OF ROWS	Input A BP	#DIV/0! Input B Stats I	#DIV/0!	It B BP

Derived Worksheet with V11⇔V12 comparison

Import generated CSV data from V11 and V12 execution into the provided several worksheets

Host variable Collection & Selectivity Override

- Why did the Db2 Optimizer choose that path?
- Helps users improve query access plans for dynamic queries with parameter markers
- The selectivity override feature utilizes parameter marker information
- Users can deploy a selectivity profile generated by this function to create better access plans.





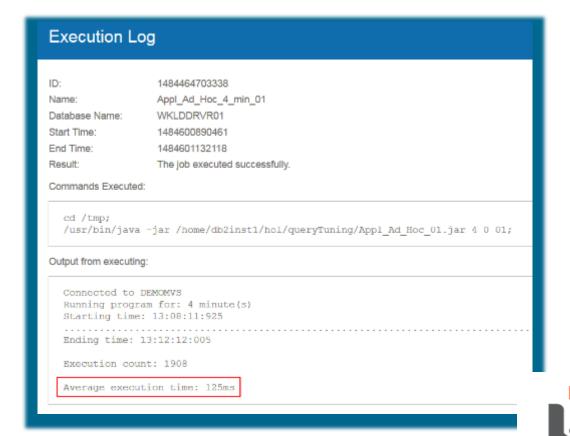
SELECT * FROM
EMPLOYEES WHERE
SALARY BETWEEN ?
AND ?

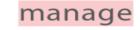




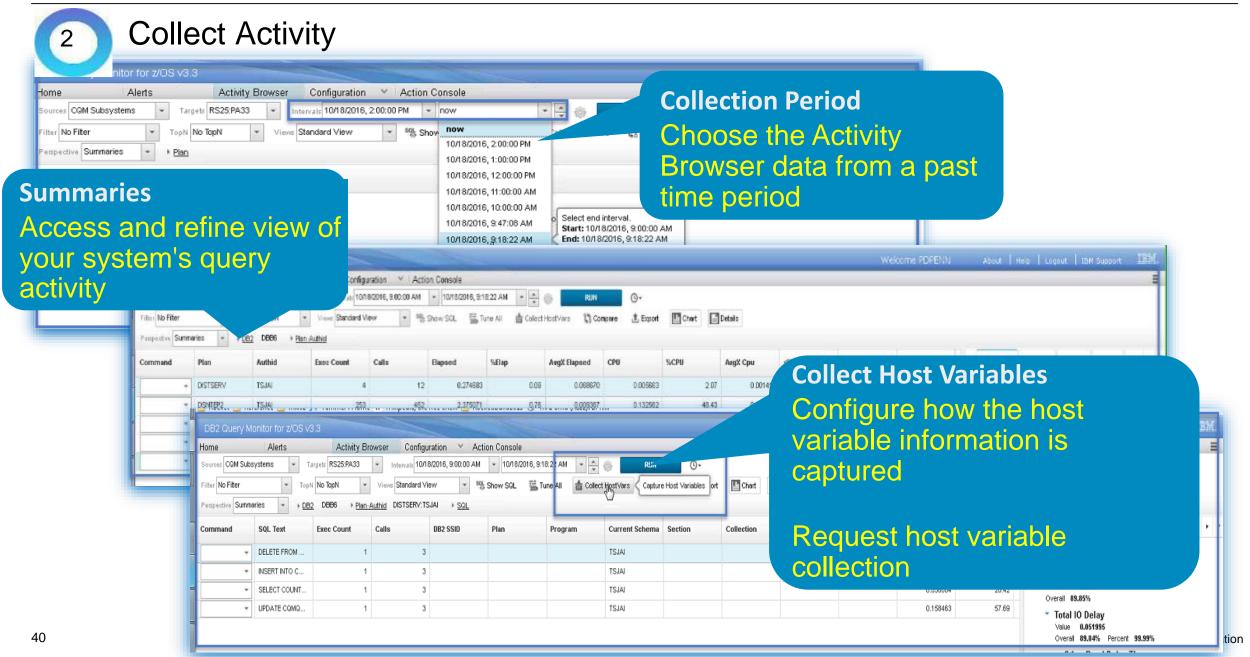
Create a Baseline

- Run a test application now to get a baseline.
- Average execution time for this application is: 125ms
- Note this query is well tune before selectivity override analysis
- Remember this number









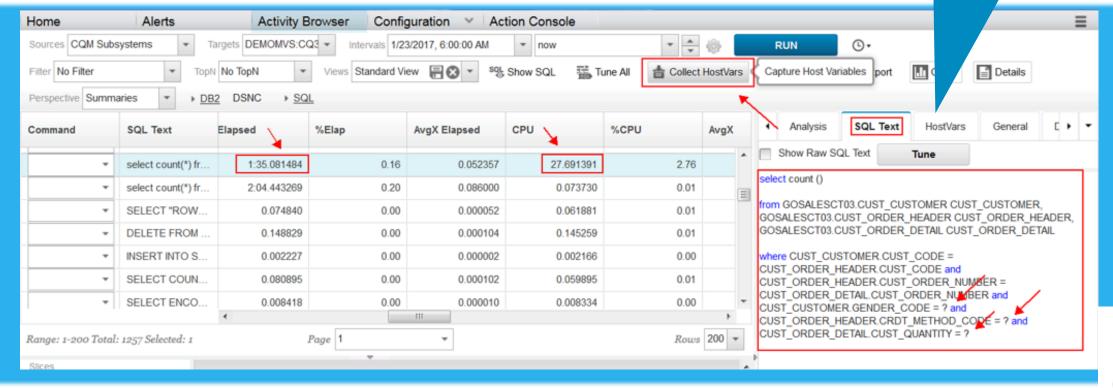




Analyze Hostvars details and identify candidate query

Tune or Tune all For selectivity override analysis

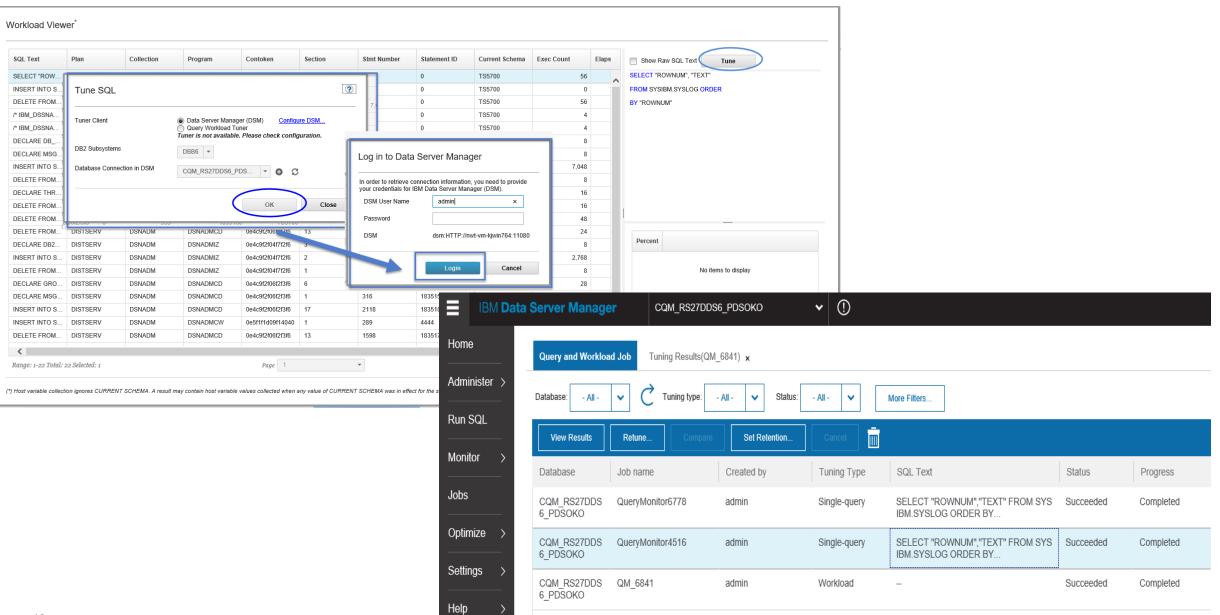
With parameter marker, high elapse time, CPU time, execution count etc.





IBM Analytics



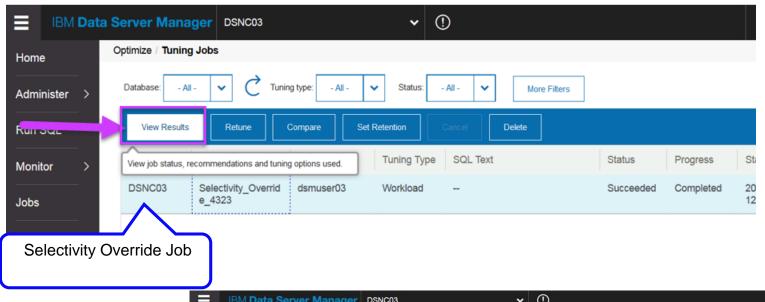


42



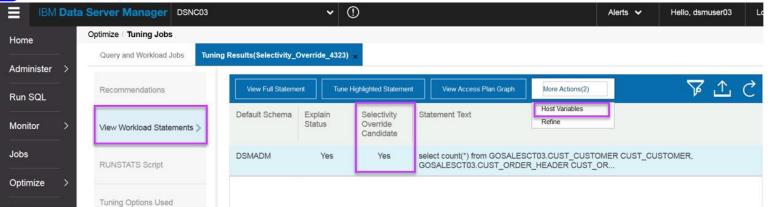


Tune selectivity override



 Go to View Workload Statements, you can see the query is Selectivity Override Candidate

Then, select Host Variables



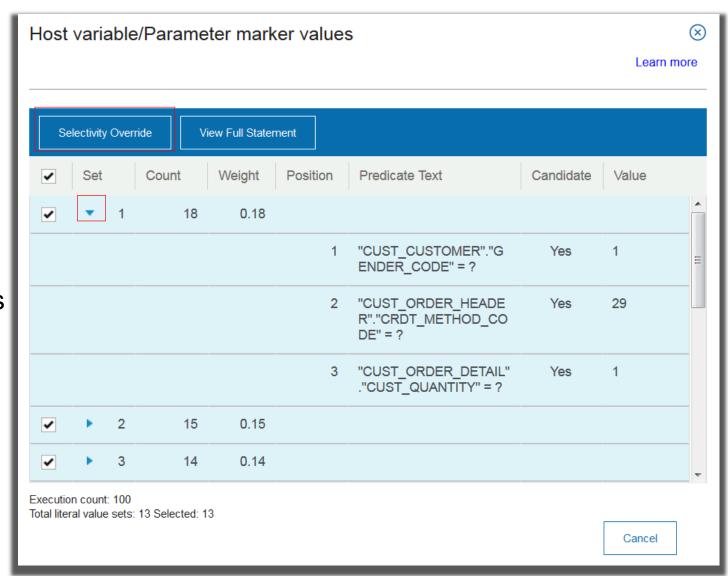






Review analysis

- In this dialog, you can see:
 - parameter markers distribution
 - Weight of each parameter marker value set
- Select the sets (all) for Selectivity Override analysis
- Click Selectivity Override





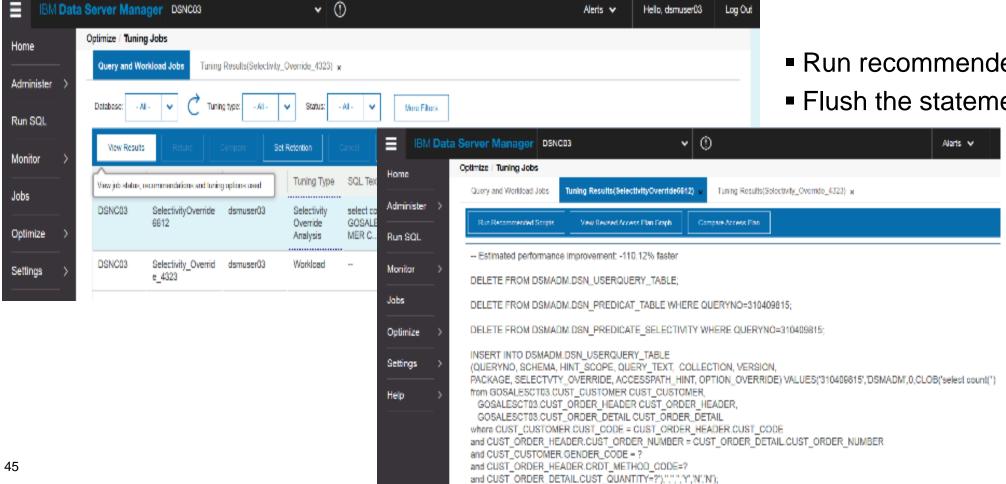




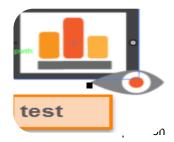


View results and deploy the selectivity profile

- A selectivity override analysis job is created
 - Click View Results when it is completed



- Run recommended scripts
- Flush the statement cache

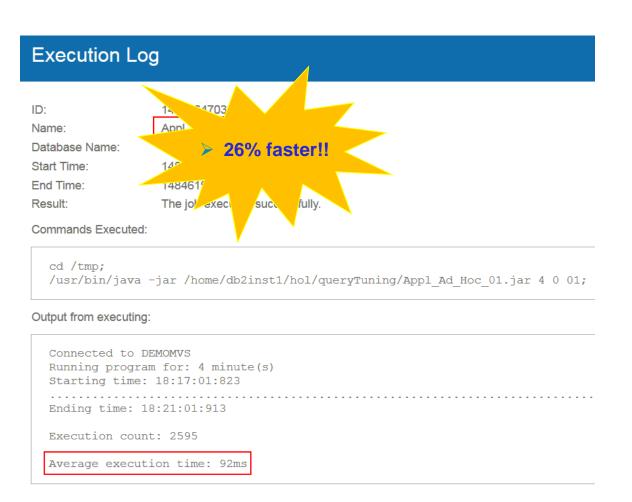


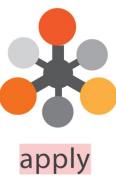




Compare against baseline

- Run the test application again run after Selectivity Override analysis
- Average execution time for this application is: 92ms
- *Improvement of 26%*
- On an already well-tuned query!!







Move from reactive to proactive to predictive results

- Db2 performance depends on "health" of Db2 objects
 - Often, a REORG is done on Db2 application objects
 whether needed or not, affecting resources and availability
 - The best REORG is the one you don't perform
- Consider the following:
 - Granular query monitoring and analysis at object level:
 - Ability to detect, apply intelligence and decide best action for object:
 - Perform REORG if performance will improve
 - Skip REORG if determined no performance benefit
- Aligning data management with application needs
 - Hands-free performance monitoring tied into maintenance actions
 - Improves application performance, reduce system and IT resources





IBM delivers complete Db2 performance management

- Reduce costs of Db2 for z/OS and applications
 - Improve performance of all package applications
 - Tune performance of query warehouse
- Identify and solve faster closing the loop on problem resolution
- Replace ad-hoc methods with integrated solutions for scalable, robust approach to performance management
- Improve performance and time to resolution by up to 50%
- Speed Db2 and application migration with comprehensive comparison capabilities

